Arab trading follows established routes: 3 routes into interior: central route focus on ivory (Bennet, AI, 216-19)

Eldorado in 1870s = Z; previously regional trade west of LT (Sheriff 185)

ivory rush in Manyema; TT in Kasongo; Congo = key component of Z trade in late 1870s; focus on Ujjij (Bennett, AvE 113-16)

Muhamad's people travel again to Metamba (XVII)

just before Bambarre meets horde carrying 18k of ivory (XLII)

ivory causes gold fever; no carriers at Ujiji (L)

western penetrations = 2 prongs: 1) Kantanga, then when ivory gone 2) goes north, 1867/68 (Sheriff 186-88)

DL to follow Habib and Dugumbe to West Lualaba then Katanga (XIV, 1; several Arabs going west XVIII; LXXIX)

need to build own infrastructure, e.g. Nyangwe/Kasongo = centers (Sheriff 190); rise of Ujiji Bennet, AI, 226-29)

Nyangwe 1871 (Wisnicki 2013, 211)

TT organizes state (Vansina, Kingdoms 238)

trading structure, indivs involved incl Arabs, depopulation in Manyema, expanding stations (Renault 148-50)

whole zone in homogenous; Z sultan allegiance (cf. Nassickers 1.13-24); maritime & continental trades linked (Renault 161-63)

DL travels under letter from Sultan (LI)